



“Ramsbottom - 200 years in Pictures”

In the

Civic Hall, Market Place, Ramsbottom.

on

Saturday 5th and Sunday 6th October 2019

Table 1 - Ramsbottom Heritage Society.

RHS Exhibition in the Library. – Booklet available.

Ramsbottom Pubs & "the Odious and Loathsome Sin of Drunkenness"

The exhibition focuses on pubs that existed in 1890 and what they look like now. There are panels of the history of four local pubs that still exist, Edenfield Brewery and the story of the Marsdens who were arrested over 30 times for drunkenness. The exhibition also has many examples of pub memorabilia.

For more information, photographs, maps etc. visit

www.ramsbottomheritage.org.uk

or our Facebook page



Table 2 – In Need of Renovation - it will cost in the region of £500

1. **Nuttall Hall. 1844** Shows the river bridge and Grant's Tower.
Written on the back of the painting "Nuttall Hall near Bury, Lancashire. The residence of John Grant Esq. Drawn by R.D. Wittenbury 1844"
Label on the back "John Slack, Carver, Gilder and Ornamentalist, Looking Glass, Window Cornice & Picture Frame Manufacturer. 17 Lever Street, Piccadilly, Manchester. (Looking glasses resilvered and oil paintings restored)". Purchased by the RHS September 2014.
2. **St Andrew's Church.** Watercolour, early to mid 19th Cent. Purchased at the same time as Nuttall Hall watercolour, September 2014, so is thought to be by the same artist, R.D. Whittenbury.
Reverse of painting
Label 1 – "Coat of arms of the Grants. Date 1832 St Andrew's Church, Ramsbottom. Erected by the Late W Grant Esq of Springside."
Label 2 – "John Slack, Carver, Gilder and Ornamentalist, Looking Glass, Window Cornice & Picture Frame Manufacturer. 17 Lever Street, Piccadilly, Manchester (Looking glasses resilvered and oil paintings restored)".
Hand written on the paper covering the back "Mr F. Lawson 1875".



Table 3 - Ramsbottom Station and Surrounding Area

Ramsbottom Station opened 25th September 1846 by the 1880s there were 28 trains a day passing through Ramsbottom. In the 1930s - 77 trains a day. Station closed 5th June 1972 and reopened 25th July 1987 as part of the East Lancashire Railway. The line to Rawtenstall reopened 27th April 1991.

3. **Riverside Garden (Wharf), Bridge Street.** 1994. Now called Bridge Street Gardens. Looking south showing the bridge onto the island by the slalom, Peel Bridge and Stead Street. By Geoff Nuttall.
Wooden bridge destroyed in the Boxing Day floods 2015. Peel Bridge over the River Irwell was built in 1789 by Peel & Yates to connect their mill at Old Ground.
4. **Riverside Gardens looking north up the River Irwell.** 1997. Showing the bridge onto the island by the slalom, Peel Bridge and Stead Street. By Geoff Nuttall.
Originally called Riverside Gardens, constructed in 1993, site of the Toll House & Police Station. (Name changed to Bridge Street Gardens).



A stone post has an inscription – "S&TA" Samuel & Thomas Ashton, during the 19thC, they owned Ramsbottom Mill at the bottom of Carr Lane. Possibly a boundary stone.

The River, installed 1997. It is part of the Irwell Sculpture Trail. The River is an 88 metre stainless steel path inscribed with poems which meanders through the Garden, ending with a collection of 34 wooden posts made from railways sleepers, providing a platform to watch the passing trains.

5. **Lancs & Yorks Railway Bridge at Bury.** Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway Bridge at Bury with Heywood Branch Extension Railway. Donated by Chris Aspin.

6. **Peel Bridge Toll Bar and Railway Level Crossing, Bridge Street, Ramsbottom c.1900.** Ltd edition. Lithograph by RHS, of an original drawing by Zena Middleton. Taken from an older photograph.

In 1789 Peel Bridge built with a toll bar by Peel and Yates then in 1900 tolls over Peel Bridge ended. The Toll Bar House on Bridge Street, next door to the County Police Station. The Toll Bar House was kept by John Grime and his son Joseph, cloggers, for much of the nineteenth century. 1939 OS Map the buildings are still standing but Police Station has moved to Crow Lane. On the site a Riverside Walk at the Wharf, was constructed in 1993, this is now Bridge Street Gardens.

7. **Train going over level crossing into Ramsbottom Station.** Photo, possibly Roy Fishwich. Mounted on a board with Ken Rose's name written on the back.

8. **Ramsbottom Station** By A Protor of Newchurch, print no.193. Dated after the main building was constructed and before the canopy was built, the local phone numbers were still 0706 not 01706 (numbers changed 15th April 1995).

The station building and water tower were erected in 1988.

Between 2006 and 2007, an L&YR pattern canopy was erected on this platform. The station platform canopy was taken down originally from the old Miles Platting station in Manchester.

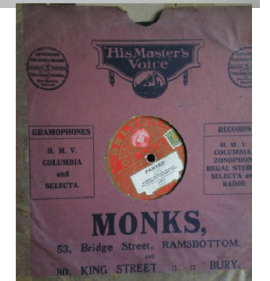
Table 4 - **Bridge Street**

Top half was named Water Street until around the late 1850s. A brook ran down the street until it was culverted in 1867. Stepping stones ran across the street from the Royal Oak public house to No 66.

9. **Bridge Street, Ramsbottom.** Lyndon-Braund dated it 1909. Herbert Dearden and his wife Eliza, dressed in white, just peeping out of the doorway of 74 Bridge Street.

1913 NW Counties of England Dir. - Harry Dearden, Hairdresser, 74 Bridge Street.

10. **Gramophone Record Sleeve**, from Monks, 53 Bridge Street. Present – 51-53 Bridge Street, Hill Pet Shop. Also had a shop at 50 Bridge Street at sometime. Present - Signature, Bar.



11. Bridge Street, Ramsbottom. Large colour photo. Fairly modern, date unknown.

Grade 2 Listed buildings,

- i. St Paul's Church, The War Memorial,
- ii. 50-58 Bridge Street (50 Signature Bar to 58 Velvet Boutique)
- iii. 59 with 2-8 Market Place.

Table 5 - Market Place

Grade 2 Listed Buildings –

- i. 7 & 9 on the corner of Carr Street, at present a Chemist and Café.
- ii. Grants Arms Hotel, being converted to offices in 2019.
- iii. Market Chambers, built c 1850.
- iv. Telephone Kiosk K6. Designed by Sir Giles Gilbert Scott in 1935.
- v. 2-8 (including 59 Bridge Street), built c1840. Present – 2 Batisserie2 – 6 & 8 Dental Practice.
- vi. 10-18 - 'Ballatyne Place' - early 19thC.
- vii. 22-48 - 1874 Wesleyan Chapel and then Christchurch Chapel, closed 1997. Converted to flats.

12. Market Place Interpretation Board A0 size

13. RUDC Coat of Arms Ramsbottom Urban District Council badge. The limits of old Ramsbottom Urban District Council (1894-1974) includes Edenfield, Holcombe, Holcombe Brook, Ramsbottom, Shuttleworth, Stubbins, Summerseat and Turn. Used on RUDC buses. Transfer on Glass. The RUDC badge is on rock in the corner of Market Place by the lights was probably put there when the RUDC was disbanded in 1974. The Market Place - re-landscaped around the time of the Coronation c. 1953.

14. Christmas in Ramsbottom. Front of Bury Times Supplement.

15. Grant Arms Hotel, Market Place Ramsbottom. Date unknown, but has no wires for trackless trams, therefore before 1913. Shows the lamppost in the

middle of the Market Place and the Buildings behind the Grant Arms and what is now the Civic Hall.

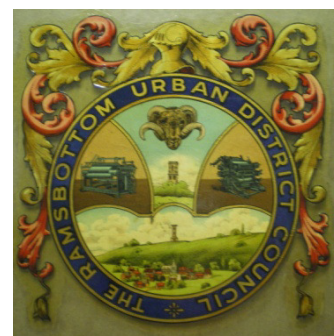
Blue plaque installed 2007 by the RHS. "Built c1780. Top o' th' Brow. The rear part of this building was home to William and Grace Grant after their arrival in Ramsbottom in 1806. Sons William and Daniel Grant owned the nearby Old Ground calico printworks. They are believed to be the inspiration for Charles Dickens' Cheeryble brothers in his 1838-39 novel Nicholas Nickleby. The present frontage was added and the house became The Grant Arms Hotel 1828"

16. Market Place c 1908 according to Lyndon Braund. This is NOT correct as the Trolley Bus wires were installed 1913.

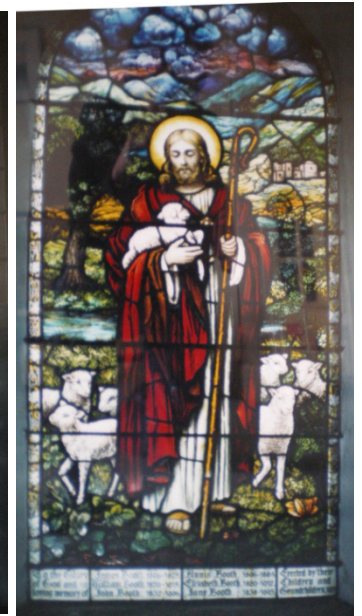
17. Market Place, Ramsbottom.

18. 'The Square' Market Place. Possibly by A Parton. After 1953 – The layout of the Market Place was altered around the time of the coronation, Shows the RUDC stone and the "Castle" (stone shelter).

19. RUDC Badge - Ramsbottom Urban District Council badge



20. The Light of the World Stained glass WW1 memorial window from Christ Church, formerly Wesleyan Church, Market Place, Ramsbottom. "To the Glory of God and in grateful memory of the men of Ramsbottom Wesleyan Church who gave their lives in the Great War 1914 – 1919. John Booth, Joseph Henry Driver, Fred Edwin Hitchon, Arthur Horsfall, Fred Whittaker". Removed when the church was re-developed into flats. Photo taken & donated by Derek Middleton.



21. The Good Shepherd Stained glass WW1 memorial window from Christ Church, formerly Wesleyan Church, Market Place, Ramsbottom. "To the Glory of God and in loving memory of James Booth 1806-1875, William Booth 1829 – 1915, John Booth 1832 – 1906, Annis Booth 1806 – 1884, Elizabeth Booth 1829 – 1912, Jane Booth 1838 – 1905. Erected by their Children & Grandchildren, 1921" Removed when the church was re-developed into flats. Photo taken & donated by Derek Middleton. Only one of these stained glass windows exists today and the inscription on the bottom is missing. It is in the hallway of the new Christ Church with a light box behind it.

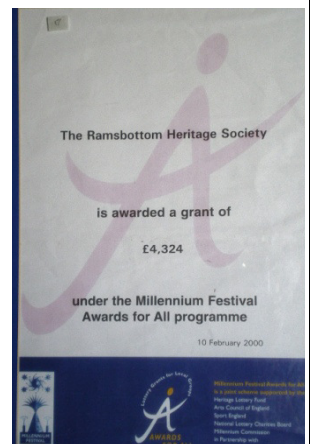
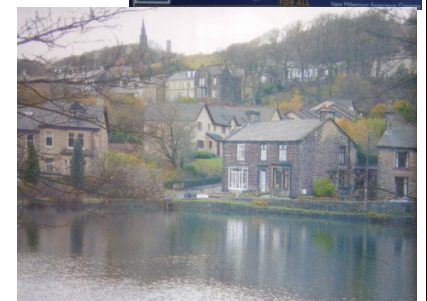


Table 6 - Carr Street

22. Certificate RHS awarded a grant for £4,324, Grant from Millennium Festival Awards for All Programme 10th Feb 2000

23. Devil Hole Lodge and Springwood Street.

24. Plaque from Heritage Centre. "Opened by Councillor M Adler. 14th June 1990". Ramsbottom Heritage Centre, previously Library annexe, demolished 2009. Present – Ladybird Nursery.



25. Carr Street. Before demolition of the buildings in the 1935. The shop (No 1 Carr Street) was on the corner of Central Street. 1-35 were all demolished in 1935.

- 1935 - 43 houses in Carr Street demolished, 140 persons rehoused on the new Dundee Housing Estate.
- 1937 - 4 more houses demolished, displacing 6 more people.

"Ramsbottom - 200 years in Pictures" Saturday 5th and Sunday 6th October 2019

Table - **Stuart Barkley (Sunday Only)**. Live painting of the exhibition to be donated to the RHS.

He has painted two wall murals upstairs in Owens Restaurant on Railway Street. A mural in XLII Café Bar in Bolton Street. A painting of what the Bandstand in Nuttall Park might look like when it is finished. See more of his work on Facebook.

www.facebook.com/weddingpainter/



Table 7 – Holcombe

26. Holcombe Chapel 1852 Chapel of Ease on the site of Holcombe Emmanuel Church. Holcombe Chapel Demolished c. 1852/3 – Emmanuel Holcombe C of E is now on the site. Given to RHS autumn 2010



27. Holcombe in Autumn by John Hassall.

28. The cross roads at Little Holcombe by Max Massey, 1949. Donated by Dorothy Moss.



29. Owd John ot'h Greenhill. Taken outside Holcombe Co-operative store (Ken Beetson).



30. The Rake (and Holcombe Emmanuel Church from the end of Rake Fold. The handrail on the Rake was on the left going up, it is now on the right. Artist Alan Greenhalgh, donated by Jane Burrows, March 2011, originally displayed in Barclays Bank, Bury.

Grade 2 Listed Buildings

- i. 1853 Emmanuel Church, replacing chapels dating back to 1400.
- ii. 1753 sundial on the south side of Emmanuel Church, Holcombe inscription "IW".
- iii. 1 and 3 Alba Street
- iv. 24-26 Alba Street
- v. Shoulder of Mutton was known as Lower House
- vi. Moor Road - Higher House. Date stone 'John and Mary Roster on 1820'. Until 1884 the house was the White Hart Inn.

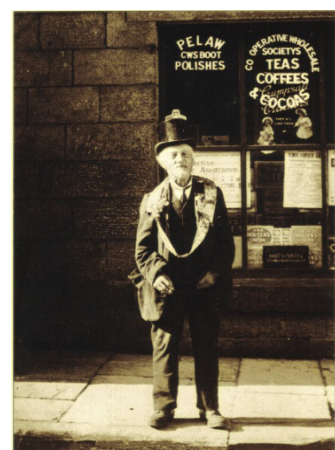


Table 8 - Peel Monument Cartoons

Peel Monument is a Grade 2 listed building. Built in 1851-2 on Holcombe Hill and stands 128 feet tall with 148 steps. In tribute to Sir Robert Peel in effecting repeal of Corn Laws. Designed by the members of the Monument Committee: Grant, Ashton, Knowles, Gorton and possibly Cunliffe. At the instance of William Grant, Chairman, the Monument was built in line with St Andrew's Church Tower as viewed from his own Nuttall Hall.

31. Series of 5 cartoons, commissioned by and shown on BBC's North West Tonight – 23rd January 1987, to illustrate a poem by Ken Craven, called "How Peel Tower Got Its Name", written September 1986.

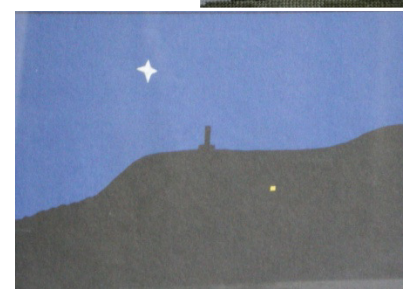


Table 9 - The Local Towers

32. Peel Monument In cross stitch.



33. Holcombe Hill at Night. Print



34. Turton Tower Print of painting by Selim Rothwell 1848. - Original in Bolton Museum.

The de Torboc family held the Manor of Turton from the Lord of Manchester from 1212 until 1431 when Elizabeth de Torboc married William Orrell from Wigan, whose father was a cousin of Lord Stanley. The Tower at Turton has been described as a Pele tower or a tower house, but it is as likely to have been built to offer protection for the Orrells from the de Torbocs rather than from raiders from across the border. The stone tower was built first, and in 1533 Ralph Orrell extended the living accommodation with a cruck-framed building built at right angles, but not attached to the stone edifice, and shortly afterwards with a second similar addition.



35. Grant's Tower 1850. Painted and Lithographed by George Hayes c. 1850 from a picture in the possession of Daniel Grant Esq. In faint pencil on the back 'Robert Markman Presented by G Thompson' Original may be in Bury Art Museum.

36. Grant's Tower. Possibly early 20th cent.

Grant's Tower, 50 feet tall, was erected above Ramsbottom in the area known as Top o'th Hoof farm in 1829 to commemorate the Grants Brothers, William and Daniel, who were instrumental in building much of Ramsbottom as we know it today and are thought to have been the inspiration for Dickens 'Cheeryble Brothers'. The Tower is said to have built in the spot where the Grants had their first sight of Ramsbottom when they arrived here from Scotland around 1783. In earlier years, the tower was a well visited site with a cafe as well as rides and swings for the children. It was as famous a landmark as Peel Tower on the opposite side of the valley. Unfortunately it was left derelict for a number of years and it finally collapsed on 22nd September 1944. The ground floor has recently been rebuilt.

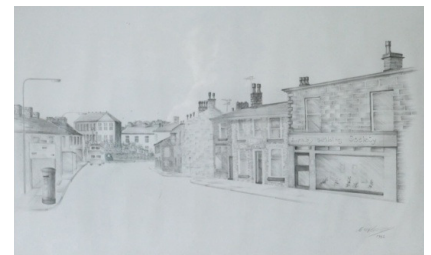
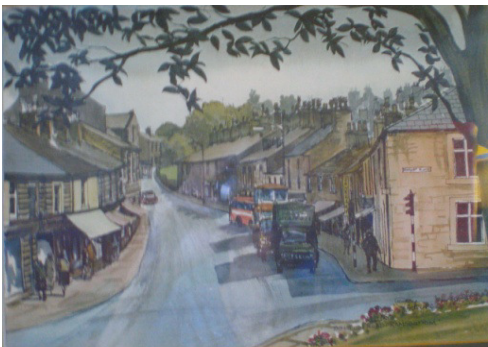


Table 10 - Bolton Street

37. Ramsbottom Scenes, painted by Helen Formby. Can you name all the places?

38. Bolton Road, Ramsbottom. Misnamed, should be Bolton Street. By ? Daleyne. Date – probably after 1953 before 1974 (Flowers and grass at corner of Market Place.)

39. Bolton Street, Ramsbottom. Photograph of the same view.



40. Bolton Street. 1962. Donated by Santander when they closed in 2019. 18 Bolton Street - Blue Plaque installed 2006, by RHS. "Chartist leader Peter Murray McDouall (1814-54) practised medicine in Ramsbottom from 1835-42, and was living here in 1842. In that year he alleged before a parliamentary committee that the Grant Brothers illegally paid wages in truck and led the two mile procession that delivered the Chartists' National Petition to Parliament."

41. Ramsbottom Shops 1888. Diagram from shops exhibition, with a key indicating the type of shops, which existed in 1888.



Table 11 - Bolton Road West

Bolton Road West was constructed in the late 1790s.

42. Bolton Road West. From Hazelhurst Elderly Person's Home. By the Friends of Hazelhurst in 1995 and was given to the RHS when the home closed in Sept 2010.

43. Holcombe Brook with very early trolley bus. From Hazelhurst Elderly Person's Home. By the Friends of Hazelhurst in 1995 and

was given to the RHS when the home closed in Sept 2010.

Ramsbottom Urban District Council Railless electric trolley bus service opened 14th August 1913 and closed 31st March 1931. 1913 they bought four from the Railless Electric Traction Co, in 1915 two more and one more in 1922. They went from the Hare and Hounds, Holcombe Brook to Ramsbottom and on to Edenfield. A separate trolley took you from the Market Place in Ramsbottom to Ramsbottom Station.

Opposite the Hare & Hounds was Holcombe Brook Railway Station, on the site of the Coop Supermarket. You can still see the end retaining wall of the station between the end of the Coop and the top car park.

The Bury and Tottington District Railway opened on 6 November 1882. The station closed when passenger services were withdrawn from the line on 5 May 1952; goods trains continued to serve Holcombe Brook until 2 May 1960.



Table 12 - Dundee Lane

44. Junction of Dundee Lane with Bolton St as it was in the 1920's. Painted by Joe Barlow. Date not known, but before the Old Dun Horse extended to the corner of Dundee Lane. Joe Barlow's description on the back of the painting

"This picture represents the day of the Annual Horse fair at Turton, when 'OLD AB' (Abraham Duckworth) ran a horse drawn waggonette to the Fair. The figure left foreground is "John Willie", noted for his daily walk from Turn Village to Tottington for a piece of currant cake. (Here he has been chased out of Bill Bancroft's shop by Bill (not shown) holding a cleaver. John Willie was often seen holding a red hankie to his ever dripping nose. The stout gentleman (right foreground) represents James Hulton who used to be the Agent for the Grants and lived at that time at Nuttall, at the back of Nuttall Farm, facing Starling Street (long since demolished)".

When the pub was rebuilt it took over Bill Barcroft's shop. The Old Dun Horse is now right on the corner of Dundee Lane and Bolton Street, ie it has been extended and has moved. If you closed a pub to renovate it you had to get a new licence, so they kept the Old Dun Horse open while the work was carried out. They built the new front inside the original corner shop while the pub was still in use.



45. The Old Dun Horse Hotel. By H Ashworth Sept 1967.

1818 Rogerson Directory - Thomas Earnshaw, Victualler & Butcher, Dun Horse, Nuttall Lane. (First recorded Landnord)

1843 - Ye Olde Gamecock Show, an exhibition of game fowl was held at The Old Dun Horse from 1843 until it closed and has since been hosted by the Ramsbottom branch of the Royal British Legion.



- 46. Dundee Lane.** By H Ashworth Sept 1967, With Emmanuel Church, Holcombe in the background.
- 47. Dundee Lane, Ramsbottom** by C Shiels. (On back – Framed by Jay Jay) Jay Jay Picture Framing Service 12 Bridge Street. Phone 3884.

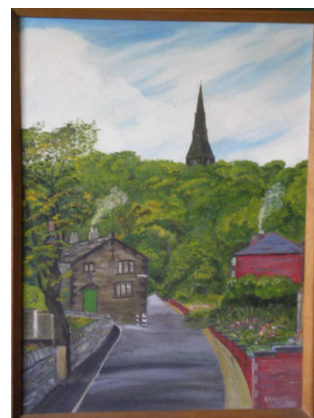
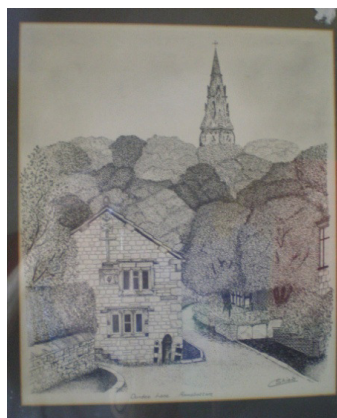
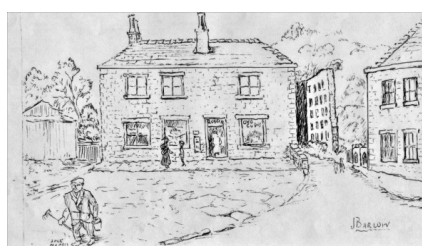
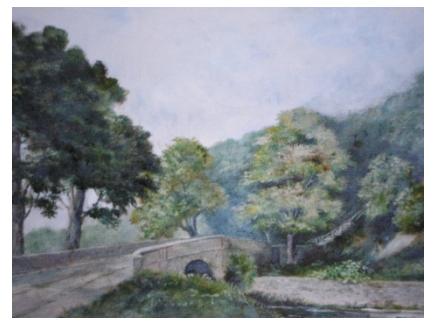


Table 13 - Nuttall Area

- 48. Nuttall footbridge with Jacob's ladder.** Painted by Geoffrey Burgess and donated by him in 2014.
- 49. Nuttall Park Gardens** framed by Jay Jay Picture Framing Service 12 Bridge Street. Phone 3884.
- 50. The Village Shop, Nuttall c. 1912 – 1914.** By Joe Barlow. Derelict Mill in the background.
- 51. Shop in Nuttall Village.** By Joe Barlow, pen and ink. Robbins Shop (Includes a little sketch of Jack Morris)



- 52. Nuttall Village & Derelict mill** Sepia photo on card mount.



- 53. 17 Lower Nuttall Road,** on the back re. the house. Jim Welding, manager of Ocean Chemicals. Colour photo, or painting. The last surviving house in Nuttall village, Jim died in 1991 aged 92. Ocean Chemical Works (1921-1952), it produced alkali for the local bleaching and printing works and chloride of lime for the paper making industry. It also had the sinister distinction of being the only cyanide making plant in Britain, this closed in 1931.



Table 14 - Nuttall Hall Farm

- 54. Nuttall Hall Farm** Watercolour by J. Barlow MCCCXXXI - 1331. This date may refer to the old Nuttall Hall, but is almost certainly not correct for the farm.
- 55. Nuttall Hall Farm.** Painting by J. Booth with a photograph of the same scene.
- 56. Nuttall Farm.** By J. Haworth October 1956, Framed + an old photograph in the same packet.



Table 15 - Conflicts

- 57. Votes for Women, Poster.** 'Justice Demands the Vote'. Published by Women's Franchise Society in 1908. From 1918–1928, women could vote at 30 with property qualifications or as graduates of UK universities, while men could vote at 21 with no qualification. From 1928 women had equal suffrage with men.

- 58. Man in postman's uniform. Boy in sailor suit.** The Postman is Dorothy Moss's Grandfather. He was a letter carrier (postman) has a medal which was gained in the Boer War. The Second Boer War (11 October 1899 – 31 May 1902) was fought between the British Empire and two Boer States, the South African Republic (Republic of Transvaal) and the Orange Free State, over the Empire's influence in South Africa.



- 59. Home Guard at Drill Hall, Crow Lane 1944.** Photo of D Company Home Guard taken in 1943/44. Home Guard was disbanded in 1944. Drill Hall in Crow Lane was built 1896. Inscription reads "Defence not Defiance". The Home Guard (initially Local Defence Volunteers or LDV) was an armed citizen militia supporting the British Army during the 2nd WW. Operational from 1940 until 1944, the Home Guard was composed of 1.5 million local volunteers otherwise ineligible for military service, such as those too young or too old to join the regular armed services (regular military service was restricted to those aged 18 to 41); or those in reserved occupations.

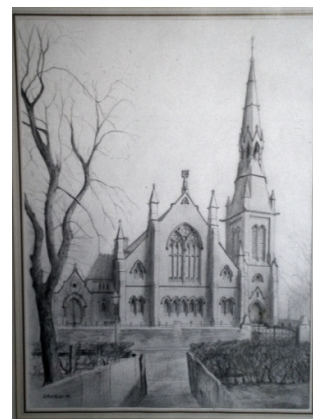


- 60. Robert Crawshaw.** Sgt Pilot Robert H Crawshaw. He was the son of William and Clara E Crawshaw (nee Simpson), who married at Pine Street Methodist Church in Bury in 1912. They lived at 7 Longsight Road in 1939. He was born 30th Nov 1920 and died in Oswestry 1993? Donated to RHS in August 2017.



Holcombe Room - Table 16 - Churches

61. St Andrew's Dundee (Presbyterian) Church. By E. Rostron 1988. Built 1872-73, this second St Andrews, situated on Bolton Street at the top of Kay Brow Lodge was built by the congregation that left the first St Andrews on the corner of Bolton Street/Nuttall Lane. It was known as St Andrew's Dundee and had seating for 475. It had a very beautiful spire which was saved, when it was demolished in 1926 and now adorns the top of English Martyrs Church in Whalley Range.



62. St Paul's Church and Crow Lane c. 1900. From Hazelhurst Elderly Person's Home. By the Friends of Hazelhurst in 1995 and was given to the RHS when the home closed in Sept 2010. St. Paul's Church is a Grade 2 listed building, founded in 1844 -1850 with seating for 783. William Grant of Nuttall Hall paid for organ chamber, organ and choir stalls in 1870, and largely paid for the Palmerston aisle, with stained glass window.



63. Whit Walkers passing the Flying Dutchman, 22-4 Bolton Street. From Hazelhurst Elderly Person's Home. By the Friends of Hazelhurst in 1995 and was given to the RHS when the home closed in Sept 2010. They are in front of 22-24 Bolton Street, "The Flying Dutchman" the earliest mention of it was in a Trade Directory of 1880. It closed in 1912. Now shops e.g. 22 Bolton Street, Eclectic Deli.



64. Whit Walk with the St Andrews Banner.



65. Church at Greenmount and the Bull's Head. Watercolour by Alan Greenhalgh, originally displayed in Barclays Bank Bury before it was donated, by Jane Burrows, to RHS in 2011. The Bull's Head public house became the Toby Carvery and in 2017 Miller & Carter Steakhouse opened.



66. Park Ladies Guild. 1928 All the ladies in the photograph are named.

Back Row - Mrs Harding (Ministers wife) Mrs Anderton, J. Hamer, L.Walsh, Howard, Evans, Rowcliffe?, Crompton, Bailey, H.Storey, J.Storey, S.Jackson.

3rd Row - Rev.E.Harding, Mitcham, Hollows, Hyde, Miss Mary Hannah Woods, Pickup, Kenyon, I.Higham, Davies, Cronshaw.

2nd Row - Barr, J. Hinchliffe, Redford, J. Ashton, Eastham?, Burgess, Wood, Nuttall, J.Suthers, J. Heys

Front Row - Foster, Jackson, Greenhalgh, Sutherst, Storey, Buskey, Gill.

Park Chapel, Manchester Road, Walmersley. The Chapel was founded in 1798, and was known as Park Independent Chapel. It was rebuilt in 1866. The last service was held in 2001. In 2013 it was converted to six apartments.



Holcombe Room - Table 17 - St Andrews Church is the oldest church in Ramsbottom, was built by the Grant family in 1834 as a Scottish Presbyterian Church. St Andrews church is a grade 2 listed building.

67. St Andrew's Church & Schools banner. Jesus the Good Shepherd (holding a lamb).



Holcombe Room - Table 18 - **Odd & Ends**

68. Wild Garlic Valley – An illustrated map of Ramsbottom.

69. Eagle & Child Public House. Possibly early 20th cent. First known landlord - 1871 Worrall's Directory - Eagle and Child, Richard Wild. Shuttleworth.

70. Cheeryble Brothers. Cheeryble Brothers from Nicholas Nickleby by Charles Dickens

"A beautiful spirit, Brother Charles" "Never better, Brother Ned. "



Holcombe Room - Table 19 - **Industry**

71. Pioneer Wringers and Mangles. Advertisement, 1933.

72. Invoice from Arthur Carter. Invoice on the back of the 1933

advertisement. Arthur Carter, Prestwich.

Whittaker Brothers (Accrington) of Pioneer Works, Accrington, Lancashire. Telephone: 2671 and 2672.

Telegraphic Address: "Pioneer, Accrington"

1937 Listed Exhibitor at British Industries Fair. "Pioneer" Wringers and Mangles with Wood or Rubber Rollers. Genuine Porcelain Enamel Finish. New models and developments. "Express" Washer, exclusive improvements, and a new gas-heated model. "Pioneer" Oak Table Wringers. (Stand No. A.412)

73. J.P.Nuttall, Palatine Metal Works, tel 132 . This was a Tin plate works in Palatine Street.

Photo of 2 men outside the works with a ventilator to go on a Very early telephone number. Photo framed 1988.

1924 Kelly's Lancs Directory – James P Nuttall, Tinsplate Worker, Palatine Street.

74. Ramsbottom & Tottington Blind Person's Welfare Committee 12th December 1989. Donated by - Mrs Gladys Hamer – founder member, Secretary 1961 – 1973, President 1974 - 1994

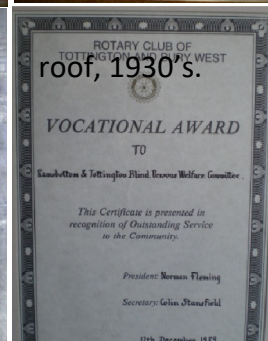
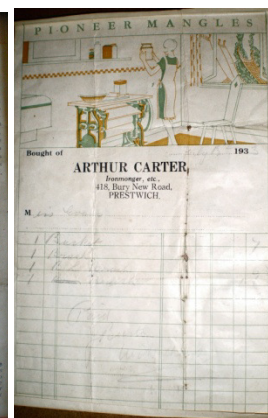
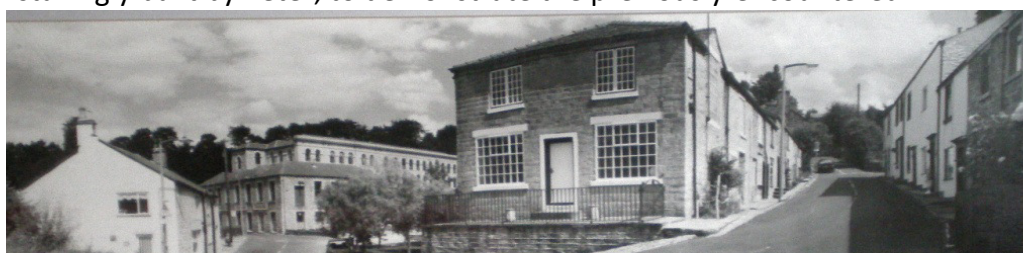


Table 20 - **Summerseat**

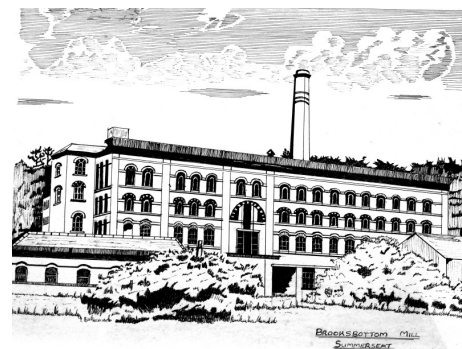
75. Robins Road Mill, Summerseat, Bury. Quite a modern painting. The scene may have been c.1800. Robin Road Mill (Flax Carder), John Briggs. Opened before 1803 - Closed 1888.

76. Summerseat. This remarkable panoramic photograph of Summerseat, encompassing the former Co-op building (now a private house) flanked by Kay Street and Hill Street, is the result of five years of research and development by local retired engineer Peter Jackson. The photograph is one of many local views taken with a unique technical camera designed and painstakingly built by Peter, to demonstrate the previously-encountered panoramic distortion can now be completely eliminated.



77. Brooksbottom Mill, Summerseat. Artist not known. Date not known, framed before Ramsbottom had 01706 phone nos. by Jay Jay Picture Framing Service, 12 Bridge Street.

Brooksbottoms Mill, Summerseat, built in 1876 with 61,560 spindles, 1,082 looms. It was redeveloped into The Spinnings apartments in 1987. The canteen block and crèche became the Waterside Inn which collapsed into the river during the 2015 Boxing Day floods.



78. Brooksbottom Mill Previously Joshua Hoyle's, 1952. Photo from George Simpson's collection.



79. Joshua Hoyle's Mill (Brooksbottom) Summerseat. Now The Spinnings Apartments. Can see the end of the railway tunnel.

Aerial Photo – Very faded to a green shades. This is probably 1969, as it appears to be the same date as 004 Joshua Hoyle's Mill.

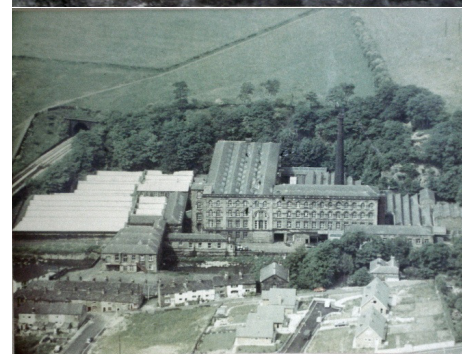
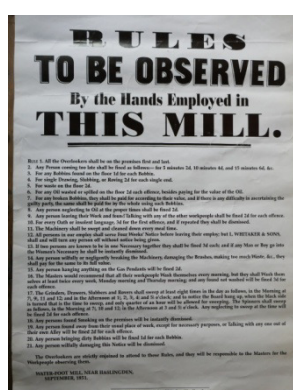
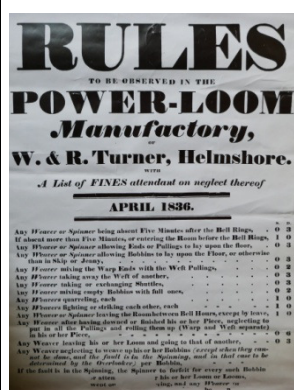


Table 21 - Local Mills

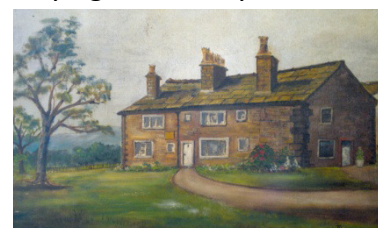
80. Rules in the Power Loom Manufacture. Turner's Mill, Helmshore April 1836.

81. Rules to be observed in this Mill. Facsimile from Water Foot Mill, near Haslingden, September 1851.



82. The Birthplace of John Kay – Park Cottage. John Kay (1704-1780) was the Inventor of the Flying Shuttle, by Joe Barlow painted 1974.

The Kay Memorial in the centre of Kay Gardens, Bury, an open space created from the former market place when a new market hall was built in 1901. The new space, and the memorial at its centre, erected in 1908, were paid for by Henry Whitehead, a wealthy local millowner.



83. Designs by A R Eccles. A R Eccles was a designer for Turnbull and Stockdale, Rosebank Print Works, Ramsbottom. The firm was established in Ramsbottom, Lancashire in 1881, and their hand block-printed textiles are some of the most interesting of the late 19th and early 20th century. 178 designs from Turnbull & Stockdale can be seen on the V&A collections web site.

<http://collections.vam.ac.uk/> and search for “Turnbull and Stockdale”.

84. Rosebank Fabrics, Turnbull and Stockdale.



85. Bradford Dyers' Association, Long Service Certificate. The Bradford Dyers' Association was registered on the 3rd December 1898. It was formed principally to acquire the businesses of the various companies and firms engaged in the Bradford/ Yorkshire piece dyeing trade. The value of the goods dyed annually by the Associated firms in 1898 amounted to around 12 to 15 million pounds. The number of people employed by the Association in 1898 was about 7,500, and the goods treated were in use in almost every household in the United Kingdom, besides being shipped to all parts of the world, from silk, mohair and wool as well as cottons.



86. Ashton's Goit, and Weir. By Ian Clegg, modern hand painted diagram showing the water supply to Ramsbottom Mill.

87. Ramsbottom Mill 1907. Plan of the mill buildings at the time of the sale of some of the land.

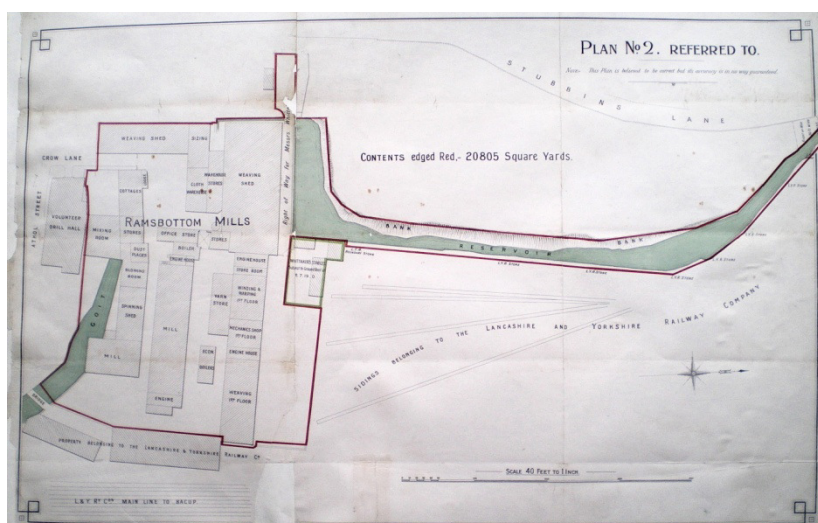


Table 22 Row of Chairs, Front of Stage - **Stubbins Vale Mill and Ramsbottom Paper Mill**

88. Turnbull and Stockdale, Stubbins, by the Irwell. 1969. Aerial Photo – Very faded to green shades. 2019 - New housing estate being built on it.

89. Panorama view of Ramsbottom. Lots of chimneys – no smoke, must be holiday time. Date - After 1937 and before motorway cc. 1976



90. Ramsbottom Paper Mill became Mondi Paper Mill before it closed. Aerial Photo, very faded. Ramsbottom Cricket Club at the top of the photo. In 1864 the club established Acre Bottom. Notable among the founders were three members of the Stead family and two members of the Grant family.

No sign of Ramsbottom United Football Club, which was founded in 1966 by present chairman Harry Williams, so this dates the photograph before 1966.



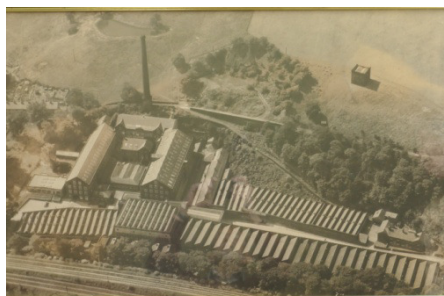
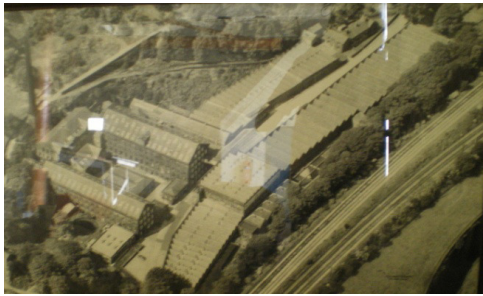
91. Stubbins Vale Mill belonged to the Porritt family. Photo by Airview M/C Ltd. Manchester Airport.

92. Stubbins Vale Mill aerial 2. All the original buildings including the chimney and tentering tower.

Similar to 91, but from a different angle. Given to RHS when Voiths closed.

The Tentering Tower is Grade 2 Listed Building in Stubbins Vale Road, the rectangular building top right in the photograph. It is called a Tentering or Drying Tower, used to contain wooden frames on which cloth was stretched in order that it would remain in shape while drying. The material was held on the frame using "Tenter Hooks". The phrase "*on tenter hooks*" has become a metaphor for being anxious.

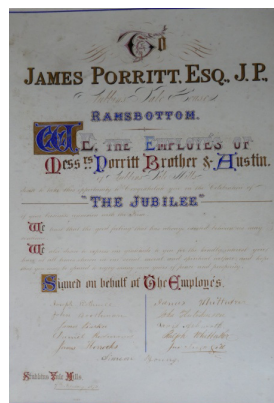
93. Stubbins Vale Mill aerial 3 - Stubbins Vale Mill, then Uniform Limited 1995. Shows a single rail track (as it is now). A lot of the oldest buildings & chimney have been demolished – replaced by a car park. Shows road to the Cliffe (Lavender Hills) in foreground. Given to RHS when Voiths closed.



23 The Stage - The Porritts

94. Captain Richard Whitaker Porritt by L. E. Brandon. 1/5th Bn. Lancashire Fusiliers. Honours Graduate, Cambridge University. Member of Parliament for the Heywood and Radcliffe, 1935-1940. Son of Lt Col AT Porritt. Died 26/05/1940, aged 29. Buried at **Seclin (De Bergault) Communal Cemetery, France**. He was the first M.P. to die in the retreat to the beaches in 1940. There is a street in Seclin, near Lille named after him, namely Square du Captain Porritt. **(In need of renovation).**

Lieutenant Colonel Austin Townsend Porritt. Painting is in the Heritage Gallery, Ramsbottom Library.



95. Commemorative Jubilee Certificate. 1879. Given to James Porritt Esq JP, from employees of Messrs Porritt Brothers and Austin.

96. Porritts Paintings. Richard Millet Porritt, Newspaper article & photo. Ross Free Press 12th Aug 2005

97. Porritt's Mill, Stubbins Vale Mill. Donated by Mr & Mrs Robinson in 1996.

98. Porritt Family Tree. Badly damaged by flood, Boxing Day 2015.

99. Stubbins Vale Silver Prize Band, Jubilee 1874 – 1924. Six Surviving Members. Sept 11th 1924. John Nutter, William Nutter, William Horrocks, Elijah Whitehead, Robert Banks, William Hawkins.

